PaintersChoice

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Slow Dry Thinner

Other means of identification

Product Code PC402

Recommended use Lacquer thinner

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name
Address
Performance Products
6424 3rd Line Road
LaPorte IN 46350

United States

Telephone General Assistance 866-228-6528

E-mail www.performanceplusproduct.com

Contact person Andy Squires

Emergency phone number Emergency Contact 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 3 Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child) Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

nazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements







Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin

irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Category 2

aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-14-2015

Precautionary statement

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read Prevention

> and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking, Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools, Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

> contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire:

Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Storage

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

22% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 65% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 26% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 26% of the mixture consists

of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % | |
|----------------|------------|------|--|
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 0<40 | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | 0<30 | |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | 0<30 | |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 0<10 | |
| MEK | 78-93-3 | 0<10 | |
| | | | |

Other components below reportable levels

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygenor

> artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical Skin contact

advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without Ingestion advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content

doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delaved

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victimunder observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread thefire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you cando so without risk.

equipment/instructions so without ris Specific methods Use standard

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge buildup by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/persona I protection

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency

| Ingrediant | CAS | OSHA TWA | OSHA STEL | ACGIH TWA | ACGIH STEL |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | | | (200 ppm)/2008 | (250 ppm)/2008 |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | | | (200 ppm)/2010 | (250 ppm)/2010 |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | | | (200 ppm)/2010 | (500 ppm)/2010 |
| MEK | 78-93-3 | | (300 ppm)/2008 | (200 ppm)/2008 | |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 100 ppm | 150PPM (655 mg/m3) | (100 ppm)/2008 | (100 ppm)/2008 |

Appropriate engineering controls

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-14-2015

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

ColorNot available.OdorNot available.Odor thresholdNot available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 66.85 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 550 °F (287.78 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Density 7.17 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 68.23 % Specific gravity 0.86

VOC 4.89 lbs/gal Material

585.91 g/l Material 835.38 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs

through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Physical, Chemical and Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Toxicological characteristics Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 20000 mg/kg |
| | | 20 ml/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 76 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| | | 50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Mouse | 3000 mg/kg |
| | Rabbit | 5340 mg/kg |
| | Rat | 5800 mg/kg |
| methanol (CAS 67-56-1) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 15800 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 64000 ppm, 4 Hours |
| | | 87.5 mg/l, 6 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Monkey | 2 g/kg |
| | Mouse | 7300 mg/kg |
| | Rabbit | 14.4 g/kg |
| | Rat | 5628 mg/kg |
| | | 0 0 |
| | | |
| Xylene (1330-20-7) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal LD50 | Rabbit | 4,350 mg/kg |
| LDOU | Nappil | 4,300 mg/kg |

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-14-2015

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|---|----------------|--------------------|
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 6,350 ppm, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 4,350 mg/kg |
| nethyl ethyl keytone (CAS 79 Acute Dermal | <u>9-93-3)</u> | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 6,480 mg/kg |
| nhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 23.5 mg/l, 8 Hours |
| Oral LD50 | Rat | 2,737 mg/kg |
| nethyl acetate (79-20-9) | | |
| Acute Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 2,000 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | _ | |
| LC50 | Rat | 49 mg/l |
| Oral LD50 | Rat | 6,482 mg/kg |

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage Causes serious eye irritation.

eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - May cause damage to organs. May cause drowsiness and dizziness

Specific target organ toxicity - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Components | | Species | Test Results |
|--|---|--|--|
| acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aquatic Crustacea Fish | EC50 LC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours |
| methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Aquatic Crustacea Fish | EC50 LC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 10000 mg/l, 48 hours 100 mg/l, 96 hours |
| xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Aquatic Crustacea Fish | EC50 LC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) | 1.81 – 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours 26.7 mg/l, 96 hours |
| methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 79-93-3) Aquatic Fish | EC50 | Pimephales promelas | 3,220 mg/l, 96 Hours |
| methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Aquatic Fish | LC50 | Fathead Minnow | 320 - 399 mg/l, 96 Hours |
| Persistence and degradability | No data is available on the degradability of this product. | | |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. | | |
| Other adverse effects | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. | | |

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways orditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after Contaminated packaging

container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site of recycling or disposal. The container is emptied. Empty container is empty container in empty container in

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-14-2015

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group 2
Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex Not established.

II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code







IATA; IMDG

Marine Pollutant

General information DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. | |
|----------------------|------------|----------|--|
| xylene | 1330-20-7 | 0<30 | |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | 0<30 | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | 0<30 | |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 0<10 | |
| Methyl ethyl keytone | 78-93-3 | 0<10 | |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (1330-20-7)

Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3)

Listed.

Listed.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532.

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-14-2015

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Xylene (CAS1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 2, 20091

Material name: PC402 Slow Dry Thinner SDS US Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-14-2015 11/12

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |

EuropeEuropean List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)NoJapanInventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)NoKoreaExisting Chemicals List (ECL)YesNew ZealandNew Zealand InventoryYesPhilippinesPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical SubstancesYes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-26-2015

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.

Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).